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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/052,528	(01/17/2002	Edward E. Elson	0229	3232	
•	7590	.03/18/2003				
Gene W. Ar			EXAMINER			
Post Office B Lincoln City,		67		RODRIGUEZ,	RODRIGUEZ, CRIS LOIREN	
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				3763	3763	
				DATE MAILED: 03/18/2003	DATE MAILED: 03/18/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
,*		10/052,528	ELSON ET AL.
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit
	•	Cris L. Rodriguez	3763
	- The MAILING DATE of this communication a		
Period fo			
THE N - Extens after S - If the p - If NO - Failure - Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuply received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a re ply within the statutory minimum of thirty d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT te, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17	' January 2 <u>002</u> .	
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ 7	his action is non-final.	
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under		
·	on of Claims		
•	Claim(s) <u>1-61</u> is/are pending in the application		
	la) Of the above claim(s) <u>28-31,33 and 40-44</u>		ideration.
	Claim(s) <u>1-12,14-21,23-27,34-39,53 and 55-</u>		
·	Claim(s) <u>13,32,45-47,51,52 and 61</u> is/are rejo	ected.	
•	Claim(s) <u>22,48-50 and 54</u> is/are objected to.		
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ on Papers	or election requirement.	
9)⊠ T	he specification is objected to by the Examin	er.	
10)[] T	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) objected to by th	e Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to t		
11) 🗌 T	he proposed drawing correction filed on		sapproved by the Examiner.
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in r	•	
12)∐ T	he oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer.	
riority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) 🔲 🕡	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)[] All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		
. •	1. Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have been received.	
	2. Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have been received in Ap	plication No
	B. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International B see the attached detailed Office action for a lis	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	
14) 🗌 Ad	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	tic priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(e) (to a provisional application)
	☐ The translation of the foreign language procedures The translation of the foreign language procedures.	, ,	
.ttachment(
) 🔀 Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of In	ummary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) formal Patent Application (PTO-152)
Patent and Tra O-326 (Rev		Action Summary	Part of Paper No. 6

Art Unit: 3763

DETAILED ACTION

Reissue Applications

1. The original patent, or a statement as to loss or inaccessibility of the original patent, must be received before this reissue application can be allowed. See 37 CFR 1.178.

Election/Restrictions

- 2. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-27, 32, 34-39 and 45-61, drawn to a needle point guard safety cap assembly and a needle point shield, classified in class 604, subclass 192.
 - II. Claims 28-31, drawn to needle-protected hypodermic syringe, classified in class 604, subclass 197.
 - III. Claim 33, drawn to method of assembly, classified in class 29, subclass 428.
 - IV. Claims 40-44, drawn to method of protecting the needle tip of a hypodermic needle, classified in class 604, subclass 500.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

3. Inventions II and I are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the syringe combination does not require the particulars of the subcombination needle point guard safety assembly. The subcombination has separate utility such as needle guard.

Application/Control Number: 10/052,528

Art Unit: 3763

4. Inventions III and I are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process such as a process of protecting an IV needle by assembling a needle guard into it.

- 5. Inventions IV and I are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product such as in intravenous needle.
- 6. Inventions III and II are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process such as a process of protecting an IV needle by assembling a needle guard into it.
- 7. Inventions II and IV are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the

Page 3

Art Unit: 3763

product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product such as in an intravenous needle.

- 8. Inventions III and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different function and effect such as first the process of assembling a needle-protective hypodermic syringe, and subsequently the process of using and protecting the tip after being used.
- 9. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- patent claims and previously unclaimed subject matter is required. The subject matter of the original patent claims will be held to be constructively elected unless a disclaimer of all the patent claims is filed in the reissue application, which disclaimer cannot be withdrawn by applicant. SEE MPEP 1450.
- 11. Newly submitted claims 28-31, 33, and 40-44 are directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: see the restriction above, and MPEP 1450.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claims 28-31, 33, and 40-44 are withdrawn from

Art Unit: 3763

consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: col. 7 line 33, reference numeral "13?" is incorrect. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

Claim 54 is objected to because of the following informalities: "othr" is misspelled.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

14. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

15. Claims 32, 45-47, 51 and 61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Jenkins (US 5,700,249).

Jenkins discloses a needle-point protector having the elements as claimed. The protrusion 25 works as a ridge as claimed which also has a pivot support as seen in Figure 6.

16. Claims 18 and 61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kaplan et al (US 5,250,031).

Application/Control Number: 10/052,528 Page 6

Art Unit: 3763

Kaplan teaches a needle cover having the elements as claimed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

17. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

18. Claim 52 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jenkins in view of Kaplan et al.

Jenkins discloses the invention substantially as claimed. However, Jenkins fails to disclose a frame locking means to keep the frame in its extended position.

Kaplan teaches, figure 6, needle cover having a clamp 52 to retain the spring arms in an extended position. Given the teachings, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include Kaplan's clamp into Jenkins's needle protector. Doing so would have improved and prevented retraction of the needle tip cover with a secondary locking.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 19. Claims 22, and 48-50 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 20. Claims 1-12, 14-21, 23-27, 34-39, 53, 55-60 are allowable over the prior art of record.

Application/Control Number: 10/052,528

Art Unit: 3763

21. Claim 54 is objected and would be allowable if amended to overcome set forth in this

office action.

Conclusion

22. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

applicant's disclosure. Haber et al, Di Cesare, Sweeney et al, Marks, Nestell, and

Mercereau.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Cris L. Rodriguez whose telephone number is (703) 308-

2194. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30 am - 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on (703) 308-3552. The fax phone numbers for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-3590 for

regular communications and (703) 305-3590 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-

0858.

March 10, 2003

Cris L. Rodriguez

Examiner

Art Unit 3763

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Page 7